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bupivicaine.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1.	A method of treating pain comprising administering a vanilloid
2	receptor 1 agonist to the intravertebral space in an amount sufficient to ablate neurons.	
1	2.	The method of claim 1 wherein the vanilloid receptor 1 agonist is
2	administered to a pa	tient suffering from discogenic pain.
1	3.	The method of claim 1-wherein the vanilloid receptor 1 agonist is
2	selected from the group consisting of a resiniferatoxin or a capsaicin.	
1	4.	The method of claim 3 wherein the vanilloid receptor agonist is a
2	capsaicin.	1 0
1	5.	The method of claim 1 wherein the amount is from 50 nanograms
2	to 50 micrograms.	
1	6.	The method of claim 1 wherein the amount is from about 500
2	nanograms to about 50 micrograms.	
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1	7.	The method of claim I wherein intravertebral administration
2	comprises direct inje	ection into the space between vertebrae.
1	8.	The method of claim 1 further comprising administering a local
2	anesthetic.	
1	9.	The method of claim 8 wherein the local anesthetic is lidocaine,
2	bupivicaine, tetracaine, or ropivicaine.	
1	10.	A kit for treating back pain comprising a compartment containing a
2	vanilloid receptor agonist in an amount sufficient to relieve pain and instructional	
3	materials describing how to use the kit.	
1	11.	The kit of claim 10 wherein the vanilloid receptor agonist is a
2	capsaicin.	
1	12.	The kit of claim 10 further comprising a local anesthetic.
1	13.	The kit of claim 12 wherein the local anesthetic is lidocaine or